

PROGRAM: Search_Twin_Laws
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This program uses the method of A. Santoro (*Acta Cryst* A30, 224 (1974)) for getting possible twin laws from special metrics. The program looks for solutions of the equation (18) of the cited paper:

$$\Delta = \mathbf{B}_m \mathbf{G}_D \mathbf{B}_m^t - \mathbf{G}_D$$

A solution is accepted if $\sum_{ij} |\Delta_{ij}| \leq \varepsilon = \text{tol} \sum_{lm} |\mathbf{G}_{Dlm}| / 9$

The matrices \mathbf{B}_m are generated by systematically scanning integers values. \mathbf{B}_m are rational matrices of the form \mathbf{N}_{ij}/n_i . For details see the cited article.

The CPU time depends strongly on the extend of the range for integers for generating the rational \mathbf{B}_m matrices. The number of solutions depends also on the tolerance and the special metric relations between the cell parameters. The highest admissible integer is 5.

INPUT FILE (My_File.cfl)

The input data are simply the unit cell parameters, the symbol of the space group, the keyword TOL (for tolerance) followed by its value. If the value is greater than 1 it is supposed to be given in percentage and a division by 100 is performed.

The integer indices defining the range for search are also to be given.

The input file should have the extension ".cfl" and an example of its content is given below:

```
Title  Test of the program Search_TwinLaws
cell   5.486  5.486  11.000  90.0  90.0  90.0
Spgr   I 4/m m m
tol    0.03                                !tolerance for eq (18)      eps=tol*Sum(Abs(GD))/9
indices -3 3  0 3  -4 4                    ! maximum -5 5
```

For running the program from a terminal, one has to invoke it followed by the name of the CFL file. (e.g. Search_TwinLaws my_cfl_file.cfl)

OUTPUT FILES (My_File_twins.cfl and My_File.twins)

Two output files are generated by Search_TWINE_LAWS, they are named according to the base-name of the initial CFL file. For the input file My_File.cfl, the two files My_File_twins.cfl and My_File.twins are generated. The new CFL file may be used by other programs using information about twins (e.g. Esmeralda) for predicting peak positions.

An example of the output CFL file corresponding to the previous one is given below:

```
Title  CFL-file generated by Search_TWINE_LAWS from test_twin_search.cfl
Title  Test of the program Search_TwinLaws
cell   5.486  5.486  11.000  90.0  90.0  90.0
Spgr   I 4/m m m
tol    0.03                                !tolerance for eq (18)      eps=tol*Sum(Abs(GD))/9
indices -3 3  0 3  -4 4                    ! maximum -5 5

TWIN_nam from test_twin_search.cfl
TWIN_typ 4
TWIN_rot -0.6718 -1.5030 -1.3333          131.8103
TWIN_rot  0.0002  1.4142  0.0000          180.0000
TWIN_rot -1.8804 -0.3740 -1.5000          120.0000
TWIN_rot  0.0000  0.4987 -2.0000           90.0000
TWIN_rot  1.0000  1.0000  0.0000          180.0000
TWIN_rot  2.3791  0.3740 -0.5000          120.0000
```

```
TWIN_rot    2.0017  1.3367  0.6667    109.4712
TWIN_rot    1.8355  1.5030  0.6667    70.5288
```

The file My_File.twins is the full output files from the program and contains self-explanatory information.

The twin laws are given as a rotation axis in Cartesian components with respect to the crystal and a rotation angle. The Cartesian system used in this program corresponds to that defined by the following transformation:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{a} \\ \mathbf{b} \\ \mathbf{c} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \sin \beta \sin \gamma^* & -a \sin \beta \cos \gamma^* & a \cos \beta \\ 0 & b \sin \alpha & b \cos \alpha \\ 0 & 0 & c \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{i} \\ \mathbf{j} \\ \mathbf{k} \end{pmatrix}$$

The rotation, corresponding to the given angle, of the reference lattice with respect to the given axis produces a quasi-coincidence with the original one.

Part of the output TWINS file corresponding to the previous one is given below:

```
Information on Space Group:
-----

=> Number of Space group: 139
=> Hermann-Mauguin Symbol: I 4/m m m
=> Hall Symbol: -I 4 2
=> Table Setting Choic
e:
=> Setting Type: IT (Generated from Hermann-Mauguin symbol)
=> Crystal System: Tetragonal
=> Laue Class: 4/mmm
=> Point Group: 4/mmm
=> Bravais Lattice: I
=> Lattice Symbol: tI
=> Reduced Number of S.O.: 8
=> General multiplicity: 32
=> Centrosymmetry: Centric (-1 at origin)
=> Generators (exc. -1&L): 2
=> Asymmetric unit: 0.000 <= x <= 0.500
                    0.000 <= y <= 0.500
                    0.000 <= z <= 0.250
=> List of S.O. without inversion and lattice centring translations
=> SYMM( 1): x,y,z          => SYMM( 2): -y,x,z
=> SYMM( 3): -x,-y,z        => SYMM( 4): y,-x,z
=> SYMM( 5): -x,y,z         => SYMM( 6): y,x,z
=> SYMM( 7): x,-y,z         => SYMM( 8): -y,-x,z

=> Point Symmetry operators referred to the primitive basis
=> SymOp # : 1   ( 1 0 0 / 0 1 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 2   ( 0 -1 0 / 1 0 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 3   ( -1 0 0 / 0 -1 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 4   ( 0 1 0 / -1 0 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 5   ( -1 0 0 / 0 1 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 6   ( 0 1 0 / 1 0 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 7   ( 1 0 0 / 0 -1 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 8   ( 0 -1 0 / -1 0 0 / 0 0 1 )
=> SymOp # : 9   ( -1 0 0 / 0 -1 0 / 0 0 -1 )
=> SymOp # : 10  ( 0 1 0 / -1 0 0 / 0 0 -1 )
=> SymOp # : 11  ( 1 0 0 / 0 1 0 / 0 0 -1 )
=> SymOp # : 12  ( 0 -1 0 / 1 0 0 / 0 0 -1 )
=> SymOp # : 13  ( 1 0 0 / 0 -1 0 / 0 0 -1 )
=> SymOp # : 14  ( 0 -1 0 / -1 0 0 / 0 0 -1 )
=> SymOp # : 15  ( -1 0 0 / 0 1 0 / 0 0 -1 )
=> SymOp # : 16  ( 0 1 0 / 1 0 0 / 0 0 -1 )

=> TWIN law number : 1
=>
      Nij      ni      Nint(B)      B      Delta:
-3 -2 2      3      -1 0 0      -1.00000 -0.66667 0.66667      0.06835 0.06836 0.03417
 0 1 2      3      0 0 0      0.00000 0.33333 0.66667      0.06836 0.06836 0.03418
```

```

-3 2 1 3 -1 0 0 -1.00000 0.66667 0.33333 0.03417 0.03418 -0.13671
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ -0.6718 -1.5030 -1.3333 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ -4 -9 -4 ] Alpha = 131.8103
-----

=> TWIN law number : 2
=>
Nij ni Nint(B) B Delta:
-3 0 0 3 -1 0 0 -1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0 1 -1 1 0 1 -1 0.00000 1.00000 -1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ 0.0002 1.4142 0.0000 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ 0 1 0 ] Alpha = 180.0000
-----

=> TWIN law number : 3
=>
Nij ni Nint(B) B Delta:
-1 -1 2 2 0 0 1 -0.50000 -0.50000 1.00000 0.15380 0.00000 0.07690
1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 3 2 4 0 0 0 0.25000 0.75000 0.50000 0.07690 0.00000 -0.11535
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ -1.8804 -0.3740 -1.5000 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ -34 -7 -14 ] Alpha = 120.0000
-----

=> TWIN law number : 4
=>
Nij ni Nint(B) B Delta:
0 -3 0 3 0 -1 0 0.00000 -1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0 -4 4 4 0 -1 1 0.00000 -1.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ 0.0000 0.4987 -2.0000 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ 0 1 -2 ] Alpha = 90.0000
-----

=> TWIN law number : 5
=>
Nij ni Nint(B) B Delta:
0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1.00000 1.00000 -1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 -0.00001
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ 1.0000 1.0000 0.0000 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ 1 1 0 ] Alpha = 180.0000
-----

=> TWIN law number : 6
=>
Nij ni Nint(B) B Delta:
1 1 -2 2 0 0 -1 0.50000 0.50000 -1.00000 0.15380 0.00000 0.07690
1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
3 -3 -2 4 0 0 0 0.75000 -0.75000 -0.50000 0.07690 0.00000 -0.11535
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ 2.3791 0.3740 -0.5000 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ 43 7 -5 ] Alpha = 120.0000
-----

=> TWIN law number : 7
=>
Nij ni Nint(B) B Delta:
2 3 -2 3 0 1 0 0.66667 1.00000 -0.66667 0.06835 -0.06836 0.03418
1 0 2 3 0 0 0 0.33333 0.00000 0.66667 -0.06836 0.06836 -0.03418
4 0 -1 3 1 0 0 1.33333 0.00000 -0.33333 0.03418 -0.03418 -0.13671
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ 2.0017 1.3367 0.6667 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ 6 4 1 ] Alpha = 109.4712
-----

=> TWIN law number : 8
=>
Nij ni Nint(B) B Delta:
3 2 -2 3 1 0 0 1.00000 0.66667 -0.66667 0.06835 -0.06836 -0.03418
0 1 2 3 0 0 0 0.00000 0.33333 0.66667 -0.06836 0.06836 0.03418
3 -1 1 3 1 0 0 1.00000 -0.33333 0.33333 -0.03418 0.03418 -0.13671
=> Cartesian axis of the twin Law: [ 1.8355 1.5030 0.6667 ]
=> Axis and angle of the twin Law: [ 11 9 2 ] Alpha = 70.5288
-----

```